ICT for Development and Disaster Recovery

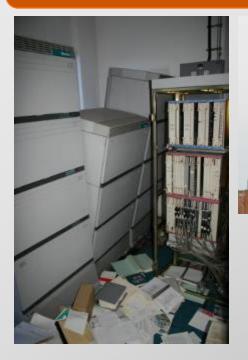
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ICT networks infrastructure

» ICT network elements:

- » Centralized:
 - » Central offices
 - » Transmission sites/hubs
 - » Head-ends
 - » Data centers
- »Distributed:
 - » Digital loop carrier (DLC) and FTTx cabinets
 - » CATV (VoIP) amplifiers and fiber nodes
 - » Cell sites (wireless base stations)
- » Customer premises:
 - » Digital phones for VoIP
 - » Cellular phone
 - » Wireless phone
 - » Computers.

Historic perspective





During disasters damage does occur but....





Jorge Martinez







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Historic perspective

- » most of ICT outages originates in lack of power.
- » Two main weak points: distributed elements (DLCs, Base stations..) and air conditioning.
- » Lifelines:
 - » Power grid
 - » Transportation network





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<u>Grid's behavior during disasters</u>

- » Power supply issues during disasters is a grid's problem transferred to the load.
- » Power grids are extremely fragile systems.





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<u>Grid's behavior during disasters</u>

» Common concept of damage to the electric grid during disasters:



» Real sustained damage in more than 90 % of the area:



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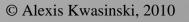
Typical restoration strategies

- » At customer premises: out of ICT network operators responsibility.
- » At distributed network elements: portable gensets, portable DLCs, COWs and COLTs









Typical restoration strategies

» At centralized network elements: portable gensets, SOWs, and DLCs



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