Tune-Up Tuesday for October 16, 2018

In the time domain, the output (response) of a linear time-invariant (LTI) system is the convolution of the input signal and the impulse response of the LTI system.

(a) Define an impulse response h[n] of an averaging filter of 10 coefficients.

h = (1/10) * ones (1, 10);

(b) Define *x*[*n*] to be a causal rectangular pulse of 5 samples each with value of 1/5.

x = (1/5) * ones (1, 5);

(c) Define *y*[*n*] to be the output of the average filter given the input *x*[*n*] in (b):

```
y = conv(h, x);
```

(d) Plot *y*[*n*]. What is the shape of *y*[*n*]?

```
n = 0 : length(y)-1;
figure;
stem(n, y);
% Trapezoid
```

(e) How many samples are in *y*[*n*]?

length(y) % 14 samples

(f) Let Nh and Nx be the numbers of samples in h[n] and x[n], respectively. How does the answer relate to the answer to (e)?

```
% Nh + Nx - 1
% This can be computed
```

(g) *Homogeneity*. Scale *x*[*n*] in (b) by -1. How does the filter response change?

```
yscaled = conv(h, -x);
n = 0 : length(yscaled)-1;
figure;
stem(n, yscaled);
% Filter response is negated
```

(h) *Time Invariance*. Delay *x*[*n*] in (b) by 3 samples. How does the filter response change?

```
xshifted = [ 0 0 0 x ];
yshifted = conv(h, xshifted);
n = 0 : length(yshifted)-1;
figure;
stem(n, yshifted);
% Filter response is y[n] delayed by three samples
```

(i) *All-Zero Input*. Let *x*[*n*] be 0 for 5 samples. What is the response (output) of the filter?

```
xzeros = zeros(1, 5);
yzeros = conv(h, xzeros);
n = 0 : length(yzeros)-1;
figure;
stem(n, yzeros);
% Filter response is zero for all samples
```

Please submit your MATLAB code for parts (a)-(d) and (g)-(i) and your answers to the questions in (e)-(i) as comments in your MATLAB code. See next page for the code.

```
% Tune-Up Tuesday #6, Oct. 16, 2018
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% Parts (a) - (d)
h = (1/10) * ones(1, 10);
x = (1/5) * ones(1, 5);
y = conv(h, x);
n = 0 : length(y) - 1;
figure;
            % looks like a trapezoid
stem(n, y);
% (e)
length(y)
            8 14
% (f) Nh + Nx - 1
% (q)
yscaled = conv(h, -x);
n = 0 : length(yscaled)-1;
figure;
stem(n, yscaled);
% Filter response is negated
% (h)
xshifted = [ 0 0 0 x ];
yshifted = conv(h, xshifted);
n = 0 : length(yshifted)-1;
figure;
stem(n, yshifted);
% Filter response is y[n] delayed by three
% (i) All zero input
xzeros = zeros(1, 5);
yzeros = conv(h, xzeros);
n = 0 : length(yzeros) - 1;
figure;
stem(n, yzeros);
% Filter response is zero for all samples
```