## Tune-Up Tuesday \#8 Continuous-Time Convolution

Homework problem 8.2(a)iv. Convolve $x(t)$ and $h(t)$ where

- $x(t)$ is a rectangular pulse that lasts from 0 seconds to 9 seconds
- $h(t)$ is a rectangular pulse that lasts from 0 seconds to 4 seconds

Perform the convolution in continuous time using cconvdemo from Signal Processing First. Install the code from https://dspfirst.gatech.edu/matlab/ZipFiles/cconvdemo-v218.zip. Please copy and paste the link into your browser, and unzip the contents in your local Matlab directory. Change directories to cconvdemo and run the command cconvdemo.

Describe the output $y(t)$.
Answer: Trapezoid has duration $T_{y}=T_{h}+T_{x}=4+9=13$ seconds. Let $T_{\min }=$ $\min (4,9)=4$ seconds and $T_{\max }=\max (4,9)=9$ seconds. As we flip and slide one rectangular pulse against the other, partial overlap occurs from 0 to $T_{\min }$ seconds, complete overlap from $T_{\min }$ to $T_{\max }$ seconds, and partial overlap from $T_{\max }$ to $T_{y}$ seconds.

$$
y(t)=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
0 & \text { for } t<0 \\
t & \text { for } 0 \leq t<4 \\
4 & \text { for } 4 \leq t<9 \\
13-t & \text { for } 9 \leq t<13 \\
0 & \text { for } t>13
\end{array}\right.
$$

We can check the points at the boundaries between intervals for a sanity check. For example, when $t=4$, partial overlap gives an amplitude of 4 and so does complete overlap.


