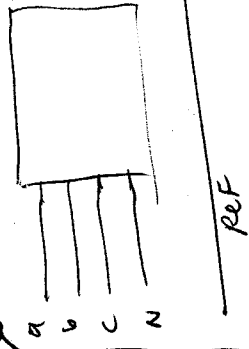


$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \cancel{V \cos(\omega t + \theta)} \\
 V_a^{ref}(\omega t + \theta) &= V \cos(\omega t + \theta) \cos(-120^\circ) + V \sin(\omega t + \theta) \sin(-120^\circ) \\
 V_b^{ref}(\omega t + \theta + 120^\circ) &= V \cos(\omega t + \theta) \cos(120^\circ) + V \sin(\omega t + \theta) \sin(120^\circ)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Sigma &= V \cos(\omega t + \theta) [1 + \cos(-120^\circ) + \cos(120^\circ)] + V \sin(\omega t + \theta) [\sin(-120^\circ) + \sin(120^\circ)] \\
 &= V \cos(\omega t + \theta) [1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}] + V \sin(\omega t + \theta) [-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}] \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Balanced Set  $\Sigma = 0$



$$p(t) = V_{aR} i_a(t) + V_{bR} i_b(t) + V_{cR} i_c(t) + V_{NR} i_N(t)$$

$$i_N(t) = -i_a - i_b - i_c$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(t) &= (V_{aR} - V_{NR}) i_a + (V_{bR} - V_{NR}) i_b + (V_{cR} - V_{NR}) i_c \\
 &= (V_a - V_N) - (V_N - V_R) \\
 &= V_{aR}
 \end{aligned}$$

N wire is (N-1) meter

$$so\ p(t) = V_{aR} i_a + V_{bR} i_b + V_{cR} i_c$$

$$V_{aR} \cos(\omega t + \theta_a) I_a \cos(\omega t + \phi_a)$$

$$V_{bR} I_a \left[ \cos(\omega t + \theta_b - \omega t - \phi_b) + \cos(2\omega t + \theta_a + \phi_a) \right] + \dots$$

$$\frac{V_{aR} I_a}{2} \left[ \cos(\theta_a - \phi_a) + \cos(2\omega t + \theta_a + \phi_a) \right]$$

$$\frac{V_{bR} I_b}{2} \left[ \cos(\theta_b - \phi_b) + \cos(2\omega t + \theta_b + \phi_b) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{V_{cR} I_c}{2} + \dots$$

~~meter~~ meter

Balanced 3φ, p(t) = const.

produces double freq. emf out

3 Important Concepts in Polyphase Systems