**Memory access instructions**

```
LDR    Rd, [Rn]        ; load 32-bit number at [Rn] to Rd
LDR    Rd, [Rn,#off]   ; load 32-bit number at [Rn+off] to Rd
LDR    Rd, =value      ; set Rd equal to any 32-bit value (PC rel)
LDRH   Rd, [Rn]        ; load unsigned 16-bit at [Rn] to Rd
LDRH   Rd, [Rn,#off]   ; load unsigned 16-bit at [Rn+off] to Rd
LDRSH  Rd, [Rn]        ; load signed 16-bit at [Rn] to Rd
LDRSH  Rd, [Rn,#off]   ; load signed 16-bit at [Rn+off] to Rd
LDRB   Rd, [Rn]        ; load unsigned 8-bit at [Rn] to Rd
LDRB   Rd, [Rn,#off]   ; load unsigned 8-bit at [Rn+off] to Rd
LDRSB  Rd, [Rn]        ; load signed 8-bit at [Rn] to Rd
LDRSB  Rd, [Rn,#off]   ; load signed 8-bit at [Rn+off] to Rd
STR    Rt, [Rn]        ; store 32-bit Rt to [Rn]
STR    Rt, [Rn,#off]   ; store 32-bit Rt to [Rn+off]
STRH   Rt, [Rn]        ; store least sig. 16-bit Rt to [Rn]
STRH   Rt, [Rn,#off]   ; store least sig. 16-bit Rt to [Rn+off]
STRB   Rt, [Rn]        ; store least sig. 8-bit Rt to [Rn]
STRB   Rt, [Rn,#off]   ; store least sig. 8-bit Rt to [Rn+off]
PUSH   {Rt}            ; push 32-bit Rt onto stack
POP    {Rd}            ; pop 32-bit number from stack into Rd
ADR    Rd, label       ; set Rd equal to the address at label
MOV{S} Rd, <op2>       ; set Rd equal to op2
MOV    Rd, #im16       ; set Rd equal to im16, im16 is 0 to 65535
MVN{S} Rd, <op2>       ; set Rd equal to -op2
```

**Branch instructions**

```
B    label   ; branch to label    Always
BEQ  label   ; branch if Z == 1   Equal
BNE  label   ; branch if Z == 0   Not equal
BCS  label   ; branch if C == 1   Higher or same, unsigned ≥
BHS  label   ; branch if C == 1   Higher or same, unsigned ≥
BCC  label   ; branch if C == 0   Lower, unsigned <
BLO  label   ; branch if C == 0   Lower, unsigned <
BMI  label   ; branch if N == 1   Negative
BPL  label   ; branch if N == 0   Positive or zero
BVS  label   ; branch if V == 1   Overflow
BVC  label   ; branch if V == 0   No overflow
BHI  label   ; branch if C==1 and Z==0  Higher, unsigned >
BLS  label   ; branch if C==0 or  Z==1  Lower or same, unsigned ≤
BGE  label   ; branch if N == V   Greater than or equal, signed ≥
BLT  label   ; branch if N != V   Less than, signed <
BGT  label   ; branch if Z==0 and N==V  Greater than, signed >
BLE  label   ; branch if Z==1 or N!=V  Less than or equal, signed ≤
BX   Rm      ; branch indirect to location specified by Rm
BL   label   ; branch to subroutine at label, return address in LR
BLX  Rm      ; branch to subroutine indirect specified by Rm
```

**Interrupt instructions**

```
CPSIE  I               ; enable interrupts  (I=0)
CPSID  I               ; disable interrupts (I=1)
```

**Logical instructions**

```
AND{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd=Rn&op2    (op2 is 32 bits)
ORR{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd=Rn|op2    (op2 is 32 bits)
EOR{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd=Rn^op2    (op2 is 32 bits)
BIC{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd=Rn&(~op2) (op2 is 32 bits)
ORN{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd=Rn|(~op2) (op2 is 32 bits)
LSR{S} Rd, Rm, Rs      ; logical shift right Rd=Rm>>Rs  (unsigned)
LSR{S} Rd, Rm, #n      ; logical shift right Rd=Rm>>n   (unsigned)
```

```
ASR{S} Rd, Rm, Rs      ; arithmetic shift right Rd=Rm>>Rs (signed)
ASR{S} Rd, Rm, #n      ; arithmetic shift right Rd=Rm>>n  (signed)
LSL{S} Rd, Rm, Rs      ; shift left Rd=Rm<<Rs (signed, unsigned)
LSL{S} Rd, Rm, #n      ; shift left Rd=Rm<<n  (signed, unsigned)
```

**Arithmetic instructions**

```
ADD{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd = Rn + op2
ADD{S} {Rd,} Rn, #im12 ; Rd = Rn + im12, im12 is 0 to 4095
SUB{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd = Rn - op2
SUB{S} {Rd,} Rn, #im12 ; Rd = Rn - im12, im12 is 0 to 4095
RSB{S} {Rd,} Rn, <op2> ; Rd = op2 - Rn
RSB{S} {Rd,} Rn, #im12 ; Rd = im12 - Rn
CMP    Rn, <op2>       ; Rn - op2      sets the NZVC bits
CMN    Rn, <op2>       ; Rn - (-op2)   sets the NZVC bits
MUL{S} {Rd,} Rn, Rm    ; Rd = Rn * Rm       signed or unsigned (sets NZ)
MLA    Rd, Rn, Rm, Ra  ; Rd = Ra + Rn*Rm    signed or unsigned (no flags)
MLS    Rd, Rn, Rm, Ra  ; Rd = Ra - Rn*Rm    signed or unsigned (no flags)
UDIV   {Rd,} Rn, Rm    ; Rd = Rn/Rm         unsigned (no flags set)
SDIV   {Rd,} Rn, Rm    ; Rd = Rn/Rm         signed (no flags set)
```

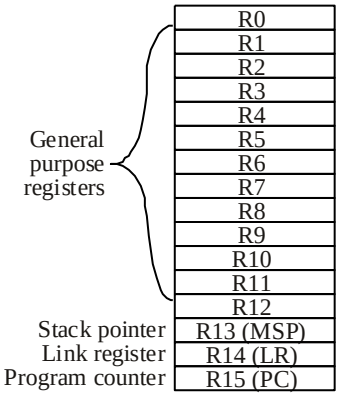
**Notes** `Ra Rd Rm Rn Rt represent 32-bit registers`

| | |
|---|---|
| `value` | any 32-bit value: signed, unsigned, or address |
| `{S}` | if S is present, instruction will set condition codes NZVC |
| `#im12` | any value from 0 to 4095 |
| `#im16` | any value from 0 to 65535 |
| `{Rd,}` | if Rd is present Rd is destination, otherwise Rn |
| `#n` | any value from 0 to 31 |
| `#off` | any value from -255 to 4095 |
| `label` | any address within the ROM of the microcontroller |
| `op2` | the value generated by <op2> |

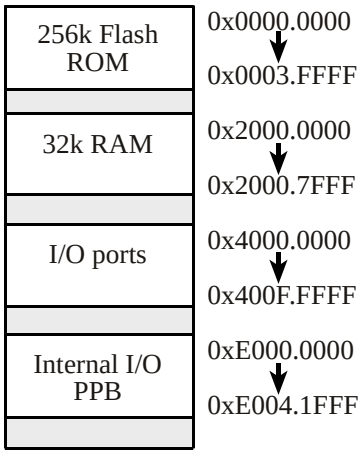
Examples of flexible operand **<op2>** creating the 32-bit number. E.g., **`Rd = Rn+op2`**

```
ADD Rd, Rn, Rm          ; op2 = Rm
ADD Rd, Rn, Rm, LSL #n  ; op2 = Rm<<n  Rm is signed, unsigned
ADD Rd, Rn, Rm, LSR #n  ; op2 = Rm>>n  Rm is unsigned
ADD Rd, Rn, Rm, ASR #n  ; op2 = Rm>>n  Rm is signed
ADD Rd, Rn, #constant   ; op2 = constant, where X and Y are hexadecimal digits:
```

- produced by shifting an 8-bit unsigned value left by any number of bits
- in the form **`0x00XY00XY`**
- in the form **`0xXY00XY00`**
- in the form **`0xXYXYXYXY`**




**Condition code bits**
N negative
Z zero
V signed overflow
C carry or
unsigned overflow




```
AREA |.text|,CODE,READONLY,ALIGN=2 ;put in ROM
AREA DATA, ALIGN=2                 ;put in RAM
DCB  1,2,3 ; allocates three 8-bit byte(s)
DCW  1,2,3 ; allocates three 16-bit halfwords
DCD  1,2,3 ; allocates three 32-bit words
SPACE 4    ; reserves 4 bytes
```