

EMBEDDED SYSTEMS:

REAL-TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS FOR
ARM[®] CORTEX[™]-M MICROCONTROLLERS

Volume 3

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Jonathan W. Valvano

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Preface to The Fourth Edition

There are two major additions to this fourth edition. First, this version supports both the TM4C and the MSP432 architectures. The material for the LM3S series has been removed. Volumes 1 and 2 focused on the hardware and software aspects I/O interfacing. In this volume we provide a set of low level device drivers allowing this volume to focus on real-time operating systems, digital signal processing, control systems, and the internet of things. The second addition is Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE), which will be implemented by interfacing a CC2650, in a similar manner with which IEEE802.11b wifi is implemented in this book using the CC3100. Running on the CC2650 will be an application programmer interface called Simple Network Processor (SNP). SNP allows the TM4C123/MSP432 microcontroller to implement BLE using a simple set of UART messaging. Off-loading the BLE functions to the CC2650 allows the target microcontroller to implement system level functions without the burden of satisfying the real-time communication required by Bluetooth.

Preface to Volume 3

Embedded systems are a ubiquitous component of our everyday lives. We interact with hundreds of tiny computers every day that are embedded into our houses, our cars, our toys, and our work. As our world has become more complex, so have the capabilities of the microcontrollers embedded into our devices. The ARM Cortex-M family represents the new class of microcontrollers much more powerful than the devices available ten years ago. The purpose of this book is to present the design methodology to train young engineers to understand the basic building blocks that comprise devices like a cell phone, an MP3 player, a pacemaker, antilock brakes, and an engine controller.

This book is the third in a series of three books that teach the fundamentals of embedded systems as applied to the ARM Cortex-M family of microcontrollers. This third volume is primarily written for senior undergraduate or first-year graduate electrical and computer engineering students. It could also be used for professionals wishing to design or deploy a real-time operating system onto an ARM platform. The first book [Embedded Systems: Introduction to ARM Cortex-M Microcontrollers](#) is an introduction to computers and interfacing focusing on assembly language and C programming. The second book [Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to ARM Cortex-M Microcontrollers](#) focuses on interfacing and the design of embedded systems. This third book is an advanced book focusing on operating systems, high-speed interfacing, control systems, and robotics.

An embedded system is a system that performs a specific task and has a computer embedded inside. A system is comprised of components and interfaces connected together for a common purpose. This book presents components, interfaces and methodologies for building systems. Specific topics include microcontrollers, design, verification, hardware/software synchronization, interfacing devices to the computer, timing diagrams, real-time operating systems, data collection and processing, motor control, analog filters, digital filters, and real-time signal processing.

In general, the area of embedded systems is an important and growing discipline within electrical and computer engineering. In the past, the educational market of embedded systems has been dominated by simple microcontrollers like the PIC, the 9S12, and the 8051. This is because of their market share, low cost, and historical dominance. However, as problems

become more complex, so must the systems that solve them. A number of embedded system paradigms must shift in order to accommodate this growth in complexity. First, the number of calculations per second will increase from millions/sec to billions/sec. Similarly, the number of lines of software code will also increase from thousands to millions. Thirdly, systems will involve multiple microcontrollers supporting many simultaneous operations. Lastly, the need for system verification will continue to grow as these systems are deployed into safety critical applications. These changes are more than a simple growth in size and bandwidth. These systems must employ parallel programming, high-speed synchronization, real-time operating systems, fault tolerant design, priority interrupt handling, and networking. Consequently, it will be important to provide our students with these types of design experiences. The ARM platform is both low cost and provides the high performance features required in future embedded systems. Although the ARM market share is large and will continue to grow. Furthermore, students trained on the ARM will be equipped to design systems across the complete spectrum from simple to complex. The purpose of writing these three books at this time is to bring engineering education into the 21st century.

This book employs many approaches to learning. It will not include an exhaustive recapitulation of the information in data sheets. First, it begins with basic fundamentals, which allows the reader to solve new problems with new technology. Second, the book presents many detailed design examples. These examples illustrate the process of design. There are multiple structural components that assist learning. Checkpoints, with answers in the back, are short easy to answer questions providing immediate feedback while reading. Homework problems, which typically are simpler than labs, provide more learning opportunities. The book includes an index and a glossary so that information can be searched. The most important learning experiences in a class like this are of course the laboratories. More detailed lab descriptions are available on the web. Specifically for Volume 1, look at the lab assignments for EE319K. For Volume 2 refer to the EE445L labs, and for this volume, look at the lab assignments for EE445M/EE380L.6.

There is a web site accompanying this book <http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/arm>. Posted here are ARM Keil™ uVision® and Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio™ projects for each of the example programs in the book. You will also find data sheets and Excel spreadsheets relevant to the material in this book.

The book will cover embedded systems for ARM® Cortex™-M microcontrollers with specific details on the TM4C123, TM4C1294, and MSP432. Most of the topics can be run on any Texas Instruments Cortex M microcontroller. In these books the terms **MSP432** and **TM4C** will refer to any of the Texas Instruments ARM Cortex-M based microcontrollers. Although the solutions are specific for the **MSP432** and **TM4C** families, it will be possible to use these books for other ARM derivatives.

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