## Tune-Up "Tuesday" #9 for November 9, 2017

- (a) Define an interval of time *t* in [0, 5]
- (b) Over the interval of time in part (a), define a  $x_1(t)$  to be a rectangular pulse from 0 to 1s.
- (c) Plot the rectangular pulse in (b)
- (d) Convolve  $x_1(t)$  with itself and only keep the result for the same interval of time as in (a).
- (e) Plot the result in part (d).
- (f) Over the interval of time in part (a), define a  $x_2(t)$  to be a rectangular pulse from 0 to 2s.
- (g) Plot  $x_2(t)$ .
- (h) Convolve  $x_1(t)$  and  $x_2(t)$  and only keep the result for the same interval of time as in (a).
- (i) Plot the result in (h)

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% (a) Define interval of time
Ts = 0.001;
t = 0 : Ts : 5;
% (b) Define rectangular pulse
x1 = rectpuls(t-0.5);
% (c) Plot rectangular pulse
figure;
plot(t, x1);
ylim( [-1.2, 1.2] );
% (d) Convolve x1 with itself
y1 = conv(x1, x1);
y1 = y1(1:length(t));
```