

Now we can only observe the system for $n \geq 0$

n	$y[n]$
0	initial value in the memory location in the unit delay block

1	$x[0]$
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2	$x[1]$
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Homogeneity Property

Input $\propto X[n]$

n	$y[n] \rightarrow \text{scaled} \rightarrow y_{\text{scaled}}[n] \stackrel{?}{=} \alpha y[n]$
0	same initial value

1	$\alpha x[0]$
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2	$\alpha x[1]$
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to pass ~~off~~ the all-zero
input test for $n \geq 0$ the initial
condition has to be zero.

Additivity Property

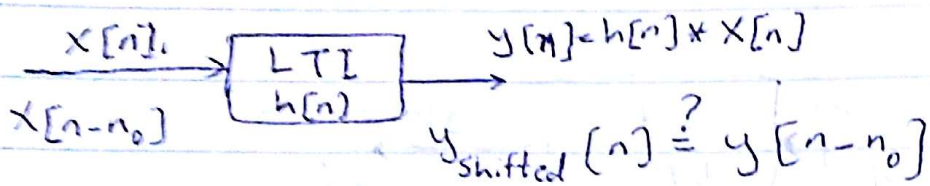
Input $x_1[n] + x_2[n]$

n	$y_{\text{additive}}[n] \stackrel{?}{=} y_1[n] + y_2[n]$
0	same initial value

1	$x_1[0] + x_2[0] = y_1[1] + y_2[1]$
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2	$x_1[1] + x_2[1] = y_1[2] + y_2[2]$
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2	$x_1[1] + x_2[1] = y_1[2] + y_2[2]$
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Finite
Impulse Response

$$y_{\text{shifted}}[n] = h[n] * x[n-n_0] = \sum_{k=0}^M h[k] x[n-n_0-k]$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^M h[k] x[n-k]$$

FIR $h[n]$

$$y[n-n_0] = \sum_{k=0}^M h[k] x[n-n_0-k]$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^M h[k] x[n-k]$$

$$y[0] = h[0]x[0] + h[1]x[-1] + \dots + h[M]x[-M]$$

• M # initial conditions: $x[-1], x[-2], \dots, x[-M]$

• LTI → initial condition is zero

$$y[0] = h[0]x[0]$$

(Deconvolution: solve for $h[0]$: HW4)

$$y[1] = h[0]x[1] + h[1]x[0]$$

(Deconvolution: solve for $h[1]$)

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^M h[k]x[n-k] = h[0]x[n] + h[1]x[n-1] + \dots + h[M]x[n-M]$$

slide 8-11

cascaded system

$$w[n] = x[n] * h_1[n]$$

$$y[n] = w[n] * h_2[n] = (x[n] * h_1[n]) * h_2[n] = \\ = x[n] * (h_1[n] * h_2[n]) = x[n] * h_1[n] * h_2[n]$$